

2025 long-term objectives

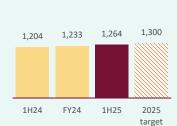
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1H25

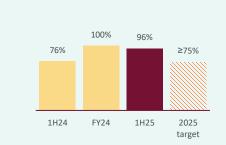
2025

target

Customers Customer-weighted average Active multi-customers (in thousands)



Society



Climate-neutral balance sheet

Employees





Shareholder

1H24

FY24



Other objectives



CET1 capital ratio (CRR 3)



Leverage ratio Cost/income ratio



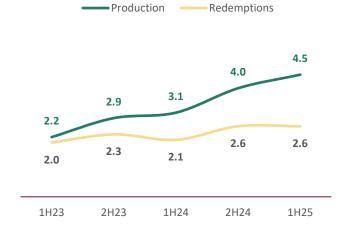
Adjusted C/I ratio

- [1] We monitor the KPI Genuine attention for employees in our annual employee survey, which was last conducted in October 2024. Therefore, the 1H25 value is equal to the outcome of 2024
- [2] Target set for 2025 of 57 59%, target set beyond 2025 of 50 55%



Strong commercial performance in residential mortgages

New mortgage production vs redemptions (in € billions)



- In 1H25, new residential mortgage production increased to €4.5bn (1H24: €3.1bn)
- Mortgage redemptions increased by €0.5bn to €2.6bn

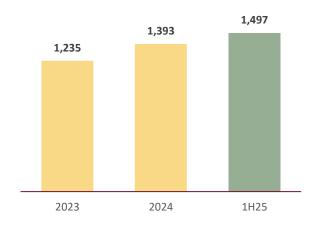
Development residential mortgage portfolio (in € billions)



- The residential mortgage portfolio, excluding IFRS value adjustments, went up by €1.9bn to €53.9bn, as a result of commercial growth
- Interest rate renewals increased to €1.0bn (1H24: €0.5bn); the share of early renewals decreased to ~4% (1H24: ~12%)

Development SME loan portfolio

(in € millions)



- Our SME loan portfolio grew by €104m to €1,497m
- In 1H25, we originated €173m in SME loans, compared to €153m in 1H24



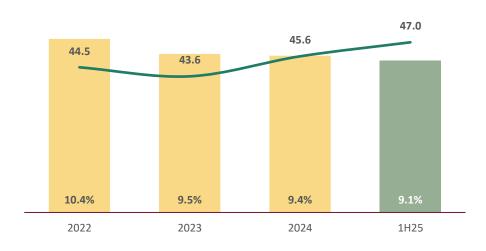
Increase in market share of new residential mortgage production; decrease in market share of retail savings

Market share of residential mortgage loans



- Our market share of new residential mortgage production increased to 6.7% (2024: 6.3%)
- In 1H25, 77% of new mortgage production consisted of mortgages with a 10year fixed mortgage rate, which was virtually stable compared to 1H24: 78%

Market share and portfolio of retail savings (in € bn)



• Our retail savings balances increased to €47.0bn (+€1.4bn). Our market share declined to 9.1% (2024: 9.4%)



Progress on remediation anti-financial crime and risk management

Parallel to the transformation, we have substantially stepped up remediation efforts to address the shortcomings in anti-money laundering and risk management that resulted in two fines imposed by *De Nederlandsche Bank* (DNB) in January 2025

Anti-financial crime

- A renewed Anti-financial crime (AFC) organisation was implemented with effect from 1 February 2025
- Reduced operational backlogs for transaction monitoring and customer due diligence
- Further improvements made in sanctions screening processes and systems
- First batches for large-scale customer data remediation going into production
- Development of market-conform AFC standards and risk frameworks

Sound business operations

- As of 1 July 2025, the bank introduced a simplified organisational structure with clear mandates and responsibilities regarding risk management to manage and mitigate the risks that we are exposed to
- Multiple programmes and enhanced resource allocation are in place to remediate the identified shortcomings

FTEs involved in remediation

- As at 30 June 2025, we employed 209 temporary FTEs, which mainly cover remediation work within AFC and risk management. This number is expected to increase in the second half of 2025
- These temporary FTEs are expected to support ASN Bank until year-end 2027 and are partly provisioned for





Outlook

- The outlook highlights several risks. First, there are concerns that further trade fragmentation, including new tariff increases and retaliatory measures, could intensify the growth slowdown and trigger significant disruptions in global supply chains. Inflation could persist longer than expected, particularly in economies with significantly higher trade costs or tight labour markets. This could lead to more restrictive monetary policy and weakening growth prospects
- Looking ahead, we expect net interest income in the second half of 2025 to decline compared to the first half of 2025, primarily due to the full impact of the ECB's previous interest rate cuts
- Total operating expenses excluding incidental items and regulatory levies are expected to be lower in the second half of 2025 due to structural cost savings related to the simpler organisational structure. In this phase of the transformation, this is expected to lead to an annual structural cost saving of around € 70 million, of which approximately half is expected to be realised in the second half of 2025. This is anticipated to be partly offset by higher temporary costs related to the implementation of the transformation programme and additional remediation costs to combat financial crime and in the area of risk management
- The effect of macroeconomic developments on our customers and their financial resilience is uncertain and may, therefore, impact our loan loss provisioning levels. Based on the current economic outlook and sound credit quality of our loan portfolio, we expect the level of impairment charges on loans and advances to be moderate in the second half of 2025
- For the full year 2025 we expect net profit, adjusted for incidental items, to be lower compared to 2024





Company profile ASN Bank

ASN Bank is an accessible and forward-looking bank with an eye for people, society and the future. We sustainably contribute to financial solutions for our customers while addressing Dutch societal issues. We pay particular attention to sustainability, financial wellbeing and affordable accessible housing.

Our services focus mainly on payments, savings and mortgages – always with an eye for both the interests of the customer and social impact. As a bank, we combine the convenience of secure mobile banking with the power of personal advice. Thanks to our nationwide network of branches, we are also physically close by when it matters.

Through this approach, ASN Bank occupies a distinctive position in the Dutch banking landscape. We now serve three million customers, making us the fourth-largest retail bank in the Netherlands.





Successful launch of ASN Bank on 1 July 2025 as part of our transformation programme

The bank choose to simplify its organisation by operating under one single retail brand going forward. This is done with the aim to serve customers better, comply with laws and regulations, reduce costs and increase the overall brand recognition

Single retail brand: ASN Bank

- On 1 July 2025, the legal name of de Volksbank N.V. changed to ASN Bank N.V., marking the formal start of the new organisation. RegioBank will follow in December 2025 and BLG Wonen in 2026
- The rebranding brings together the retail brands of ASN Bank, SNS, RegioBank and BLG Wonen under one strong, future-oriented identity
- New Bloomberg ticker: ASNBNK

Optimisation of the distribution model

- ASN Bank combines mobile-first banking with a locally anchored, nationwide network of branches, operated by franchisees
- On 1 July, 116 branches of SNS were reopened in the new ASN Bank style. The next step is 1 December 2025, when around 230 RegioBank branches will transition to ASN Bank, making it the only bank in the Netherlands to offer a nationwide network of branches

Simplifying the organisation structure

- As of 1 July, ASN Bank has taken the first step with a simplified organisational model to increase clarity and responsiveness under the single brand
- In line with the announcement made at the end of 2024, the number of FTEs was reduced by 243 as at 30 June 2025 and another 500 as from 1 July 2025, which in total is within the communicated range of 700 – 750, resulting in annualised cost savings of € 70 million





Strategy builds on foundation of ongoing transformation

- Under the theme 'Simplify and Grow', the bank is opting for a strong focus on its core activities of mortgages, savings and payments
- As an accessible bank, ASN Bank will continue to contribute to a sustainable society for the Netherlands
- After switching to the brand name of ASN Bank, the internal organisation will now be further streamlined
- Planned phased reduction of 850-950 FTE positions until the end of 2026, partly by cutting external staff and not filling vacancies. Intention to make a reorganisation provision for the 2025 financial year
- Additional annual cost savings as of 2027 expected to amount to € 80 million
- The strategy entails financial ambitions, including an improved cost-income ratio of 50%-55%



Strategy: Simplify and Grow

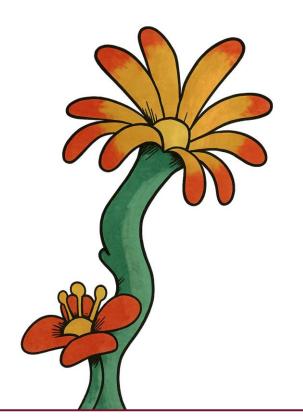
Our business model

A customer-centric Dutch bank, focused on retail customers and small business entrepreneurs

Offering simple mortgage, savings and payment products

A digital-first distribution strategy, offering customers the opportunity for personal interaction through our nationwide network of branches

Collaboration with our franchisees and intermediaries is crucial



Strategic priorities

1. Growth in mortgages, savings and payments

As a sympathetic challenger, ASN Bank aims to grow in mortgages, savings and payments with simple products that meet its customers' needs

2. Increasing social impact

ASN Bank continues to be committed to a sustainable society

3. Simpler and faster

Simplification is essential to become a healthy, cost-efficient bank with an eye for people and society, where the relationship with the customer is paramount



1. Growth in mortgages, savings and payments

As a sympathetic challenger, ASN Bank aims to grow in mortgages, savings and payments with simple products that meet its customers' needs



For the distribution of mortgages our franchise partners and the intermediary channel remain crucial. We will also make saving more attractive

Improving the customer experience is central to achieving this growth. Customers want fast, accurate service: digital where possible, personal where it matters. Also in the *Randstad*, where ASN Bank will open flagship stores

Targets

>1.5_m primary

customers

>1
Net Promoter
Score



2. Increasing social impact

ASN Bank continues to be committed to a sustainable society



ASN Bank continues to help customers make their homes more sustainable and will further integrate sustainability into products and services

We remain accessible to all customers through our **nationwide branch network**

We are also looking into whether, in addition to existing impact funds, we can offer space to funds that stimulate the energy transition. Or invest in the transition to a more sustainable economy and society through financing

Target

2050

Reducing CO2 emissions towards Net Zero in 2050.

By growing both sustainable assets and assets focused on transition



3. Simpler and faster

Simplification is essential for becoming a healthy, cost-efficient bank with an eye for people and society, where the relationship with the customer is paramount



Increase **execution power** of the organisation and **retain and attract talent**

Moving to a clear, improved and appropriate range of products

Looking into **pragmatic application of AI**, replacing outdated systems and standardising them where possible

At the same time, we are still working hard to improve anti-financial crime processes and risk management and make good progress in this regard

Target

≥17%

Employee Net Engagement Score



Financial ambitions for 2030

The strategy is primarily focused on simplification and growth, with improved financial ambitions and results

Streamlining the internal organisation leads to a further FTE reduction

Planned phased reduction of **850-950 FTE** positions until the end of 2026. Additional **annual cost savings** as of 2027 expected to amount to € **80 million**, in addition to the € 70 million as of 2026, as announced on 19 November 2024. These savings are expected to be partly offset by higher temporary costs including for the implementation of the transformation programme and remediation costs

The cost savings should contribute to improving the cost-income ratio to 50-55%. The other financial objectives are maintained

Financial targets	2030
Cost-income ratio	50-55%
Return on equity	8-10%
CET1 capital ratio	≥17%
Leverage ratio	≥4.5%
Dividend pay-out ratio	40-60%





Key points first half of 2025

Focus on executing our transformation and remediation programmes

- Successful rebranding to ASN Bank organisation marks key milestone for simplification of organisational structure
- Announced staff reduction of over 700 FTEs effective as of 1 July 2025; financial effect will materialise
 in the second half of 2025
- Remediation efforts in anti-financial crime and risk management are progressing according to schedule

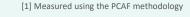
Strong commercial performance

- Growth in **residential mortgage portfolio** of €1.9bn to €53.9bn
- Increase in market share of new mortgage production to 6.7% (1H24: 6.2%)
- Retail savings increased by €1.3bn to €47.0bn

Net profit of €138m; Return on Equity of 6.6%

- Net profit included €11m incidental items, consisting of a net addition to the restructuring provision for our transformation. Adjusted for this, net profit amounted to €149m; RoE of 7.2%
- Total income down 7% to €612m, reflecting the changed interest rate environment; net fee and commission income up 19%
- Total operating expenses, adjusted for incidental items, 11% higher at €410m, mainly driven by wage
 inflation and higher temporary costs incurred on implementing the transformation
- Capital position remained solid: CET1 capital ratio slightly lower at 20.0%, as higher CET1 capital was
 offset by an increase in risk-weighted assets; leverage ratio improved to 5.2%

Climate-neutral balance sheet¹ **Customer-weighted Net Promoter Score** 100% 96% 76% 1H24 FY24 1H25 1H24 FY24 1H25 **RoE & Adjusted RoE CET1** capital ratio (CRR 3) 20.9% 20.4% 20.0% 11.5% 10.5% 7.2% 11.5% 3.2% 6.6% 1H24 1H25 FY24 1H24 FY24 1H25





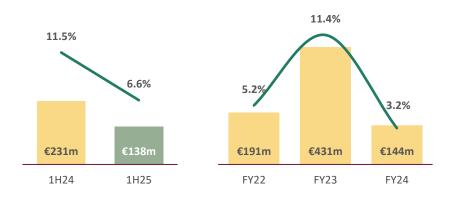
Net profit of € 138 million in a dynamic market environment

Result

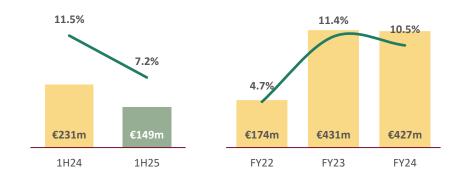
in € millions	1H24	1H25	Δ
Total income	661	612	-7%
Total operating expenses	371	425	+15%
Impairment charges	-30	-7	
Result before taxation	320	194	-39%
Taxation	89	56	-37%
Net result	231	138	-40%
Incidental items		11	
Adjusted net result	231	149	-35%
Return on equity	11.5%	6.6%	
Adjusted Return on equity	11.5%	7.2%	

- Net profit lower at €138m (1H24: €231m) included €11m incidental items after tax. Adjusted for this, net profit amounted to €149m
- Incidental items of €11m after tax consisted of a net addition to the restructuring provision for our transformation
- Return on equity stood at 6.6%; adjusted for incidental items, return on equity stood at 7.2%, lower compared to 1H24 (11.5%)

Net result and Return on Equity



Adjusted net result and Return on Equity





Total income declined by 7%, reflecting the changed interest rate environment

Total income

in € millions	1H24	1H25	Δ
Net interest income	564	509	-10%
Net fee and commission income	36	43	+19%
Investment income	-4	4	
Other results on financial instruments	65	56	-14%
Total income	661	612	-7%

- Net interest income decreased by €55m to €509m (-10%), mainly due to lower interest income on cash management activities driven by a decreased ECB deposit rate
- Net fee and commission income showed a €7m increase to €43m (+19%), mainly due to
 higher fees for basic banking services. This was mainly driven by customer base growth and
 pricing measures. Management fees were slightly lower than in 1H24
- Other results on financial instruments decreased to €56m (1H24: €65m), mainly consisting of realised results of FX swaps used for hedging the exposure of foreign currency deposits
- The margin on residential mortgages improved and margin on savings remained virtually stable, while margins on cash management dropped

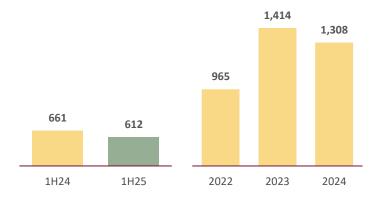
Net interest margin

(NII as a % of average assets)



Total income

(in € millions)





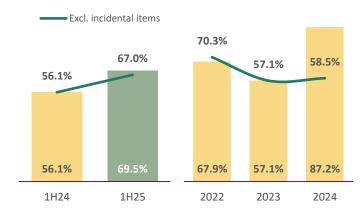
Total operating expenses 15% higher, mainly driven by higher temporary costs and wage inflation

Operating expenses

in € millions	1H24	1H25	Δ
Total operating expenses	371	425	+15%
Incidental items		-15	
Adjusted operating expenses	371	410	+11%
Regulatory levies	8	-9	
Operating expenses excl. incidental items & levies	363	419	+15%
Total FTEs	4,326	4,257	-2%

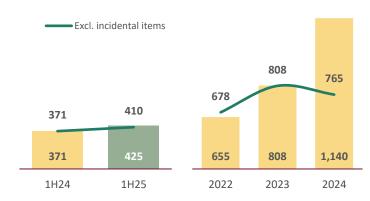
- Total operating expenses increased by €54m to €425m (+15%) and were negatively impacted by incidental items of €15m pre-tax, related to our transformation programme
- Adjusted for incidental items and regulatory levies, operating expenses were €56m higher at €419m (+15%), as a result of higher staff costs due to wage inflation, increased consultancy costs related to the transformation, higher IT costs and a non-recurring VAT gain in 1H24
- The total number of FTEs went down by 69 compared to 1H24 and by 100 compared to YE24 to 4,257, mainly related to the execution of the transformation

Cost/income ratio



Operating expenses

(in € millions)





Impairment reversal of €7m, mainly reflecting releases in the management overlay

Impairment charges

In € millions	1H24	1H25
Residential mortgages	-28	-8
SME loans	-2	-3
Consumer loans		
Other corporate and government loans	1	2
Loans and advances to banks		1
Investments	-1	1
Total impairment charges	-30	-7
Cost of risk residential mortgages	-0.11%	-0.03%
Cost of risk total loans	-0.11%	-0.03%

Base scenario macroeconomic parameters

Scenarios as at	31 Dec 2024		30 Jun 2025	
	2025	2026	2025	2026
Relative change in house price index (HPI)	3.3%	1.4%	7.4%	2.8%
Unemployment rate	4.2%	4.4%	3.9%	4.3%
Number of bankruptcies (monthly)	454	490	367	401

Residential mortgages in arrears; average LtV



Residential mortgage portfolio – stage 2 & 3 ratios



- Impairment charges were higher than in 1H24 but still showed a reversal of €7m, largely driven by releases in the management overlay for residential mortgages
- The stage 2 ratio for residential mortgages decreased, mainly due to improved risk segmentation for interest-only mortgages, resulting in a migration of a considerable number of customers to lower risk buckets
- The average LtV of residential mortgages remained stable at 50% (YE24: 50%)





Capital position robust with capital ratios above our minimum targets







Leverage ratio

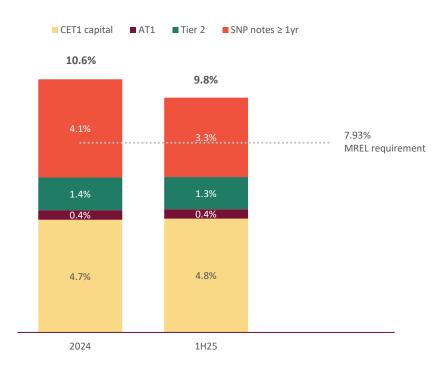
- Compared to YE24, the CET1 capital ratio decreased to 20.0%, as an increase in CET1 capital was offset by higher risk-weighted assets (RWA)
 - CET1 capital increased by €137m, mainly due to the addition of retained earnings for the year 2024
 - RWA increased by €1.0bn, of which €0.4bn increase resulting from residential mortgage volume growth and €0.6bn primarily caused by an increase in exposures to financial institutions
- With the application of CRR3, the 1.06 scaling factor to determine residential mortgage-related RWA has been removed and the credit conversion factor for off-balance sheet items under the revised IRB approach has been adjusted. These positive effects on IRB RWA are to a large extent offset by applying a 18% floor for the calculated residential mortgage-related IRB-based risk weight to include additional conservatism in agreement with prudential regulation
- Compared to YE24, the leverage ratio improved slightly to 5.2%



ASN Bank operates well above its MREL requirements

MREL ratio

(as a % of leverage ratio exposure; LRE)

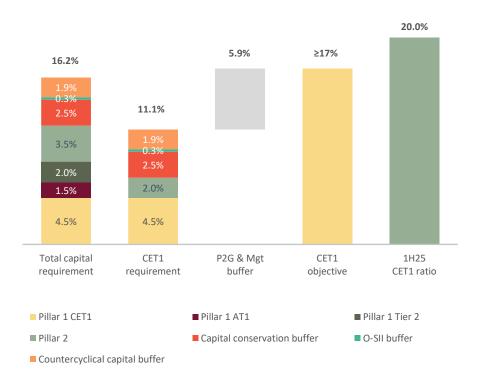


- On 29 January 2025, the National Resolution Authority (NRA) updated the Minimum Requirement for Own Funds and Eligible Liabilities (MREL) requirements for ASN Bank
- The MREL requirement based on the leverage ratio exposure (LRE) amounts to 7.93% and the MREL requirement based on RWA to 21.16%, excluding the Combined Buffer Requirement. Both the LRE and RWA MREL requirements are to be fully met with subordinated instruments (Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital and senior non-preferred (SNP) notes with a residual contractual maturity of at least 1 year)
- The non-risk-weighted MREL requirement is more restrictive for ASN Bank than the risk-weighted MREL requirement
- As at 30 June 2025, ASN Bank operates well above its MREL requirements
- In 1H25, total capital and eligible SNP liabilities decreased by €0.3bn to €7.4bn due to €0.5bn of outstanding SNP debt no longer being MREL eligible, partly compensated by an increase in CET1 capital
- As at 30 June 2025, the non-risk-weighted MREL ratio based on the LRE stood at 9.8% (YE24 10.6%), including total capital and SNP liabilities eligible for MREL
- The risk-weighted MREL ratio, based on total capital and eligible SNP liabilities, stood at 41.3% (YE24: 45.7%)
- On 21 July 2025, ASN Bank announced to call the outstanding €0.5bn Tier 2 capital instrument that was issued on 22 July 2020. On 5 August 2025, the notes were redeemed



ASN Bank meets its Overall Capital Requirement

Overall Capital Requirement and CET1 ratio



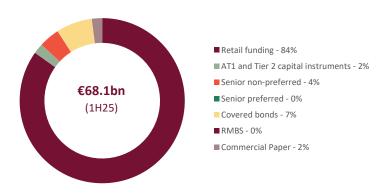
- ASN Bank is currently required to meet a minimum total capital ratio of 16.2% (Overall Capital Requirement, OCR), of which at least 11.1% is required to be composed of CET1 capital. This obligation stems from the Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) as performed by the ECB in 2024
- Based on the current capital requirements and the capital position as at 30 June 2025, the Maximum Distributable Amount (MDA) trigger level amounts to 11.6% of CET1 capital, including a 0.5% Additional Tier 1 (AT1) shortfall
 - In case of a breach of the MDA trigger level, the maximum amount available for dividend payments and/or AT1 coupon distributions would be restricted
- As at 30 June 2025, ASN Bank's CET1 ratio stood at 20.0%





Funding & liquidity

Funding mix

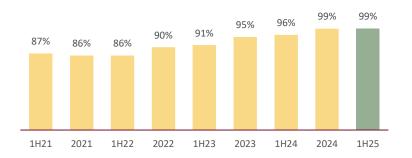


Liquidity position

in € millions	1H24	2024	1H25
Central bank reserves	4,075	3,281	1,902
Sovereigns	946	1,378	931
Regional/local governments & Supranationals	1,715	2,118	2,261
Eligible retained RMBS	5,291	4,549	4,692
Other liquid assets	1,665	2,029	3,508
Total liquidity position	13,692	13,355	13,294

- The share of retail funding was marginally lower at 85% (YE23: 86%)
- The Loan-to-Deposit ratio remained stable at 99% as €1.9bn loan growth was offset by a €1.4bn increase in deposits
- The liquidity position decreased to €13.4bn, mainly driven by a decrease in central bank reserves as a result of investing more available liquidity in the money market to optimise the return on our liquidity position
- The LCR and NSFR remained well above 100%

Loan-to-Deposit ratio



Key liquidity indicators

	1H24	2024	1H25
LCR	158%	191%	149%
NSFR	165%	160%	148%
Loan-to-Deposit ratio	96%	99%	99%



Range of funding instruments

Retail					Wholesale			
Unsecured / Deposit Guarantee		Unsecured				Secured		
Savings & deposits	Money	Markets	Capital Markets		Covered Bonds	Securit	tisation	
Savings & deposits	€4bn ECP	€4bn NEU CP	AT1 capital securities	€25bn MTN Programme Public and Private Placements	Schuldscheine	€15bn Registered Covered Bond Programme	Hermes & Pearl – Securitisation programmes	Lowland - On balance-sheet securitisation
€57.0bn	€601m	€580m	€300m	€4,121m	€47m	€5,053m	€180m	€8.0bn

- Outstanding amounts as at 30 June 2025
- Tier 2 € 500m has been called and been redeemed as per 5 August 2025
- Inaugural European Green Bond (EuGB) 7-year Senior Non-Preferred notes issued for a size of € 500m as per 20 October 2025



Capital market transactions

Covered Bond (2020)

Issue Rating:	Aaa (Moody's), AAA (Fitch)
Coupon:	0.125%
Maturity:	20 years
Maturity date:	19 November 2040
Total size	€ 500,000,000
Spread:	Mid-swaps + 7 bps

Green Senior non preferred (2021)

Issue Rating:	Baa2 (Moody's), A- (Fitch)
Coupon:	0.375%
Maturity:	7 years
Maturity date:	3 March 2028
Total size	€ 500,000,000
Spread:	Mid-swaps + 65bps

Green Senior non preferred (2021)

Issue Rating:	Baa2 (Moody's), A- (Fitch)
Coupon:	0.250%
Maturity:	5 years
Maturity date:	22 June 2026
Total size	€ 500,000,000
Spread:	Mid-swaps + 65bps

Covered Bond (2021)

Issue Rating:	Aaa (Moody's), AAA (Fitch)
Coupon:	0.375%
Maturity:	20 years
Maturity date:	16 September 2041
Total size	€ 800,000,000
Spread:	Mid-swaps + 6bps

Several privately placed covered bonds (2022)

Issue Rating:	Aaa (Moody's), AAA (Fitch)
Coupon:	-
Maturity:	16 – 18 years
Maturity date:	-
Total size	€ 80,000,000
Spread:	-

Green Senior non preferred (2022)

Issue Rating:	Baa2 (Moody's), A- (Fitch)
Coupon:	2.375%
Maturity:	5NC4
Maturity date:	4 May 2027
Total size	€ 500,000,000
Spread:	Mid-swaps + 120bps

Green AT1 (2022)

Issue Rating:	Ba1 (Moody's)
Coupon:	7.0%
Maturity:	PerpNC5
Maturity date:	-
Total size	€ 300,000,000
Spread:	-

Privately placed senior unsecured (2022)

Issue Rating:	A2 (Moody's)
Coupon:	3m Euribor + 55bps
Maturity:	2 years
Maturity date:	12 September 2024
Total size	€ 200,000,000
Spread:	-

Green Senior non preferred (2023)

Issue Rating:	Baa2 (Moody's), A- (Fitch)
Coupon:	4.875%
Maturity:	7 years
Maturity date:	7 March 2030
Total size	€ 500,000,000
Spread:	Mid-swaps + 160bps

Green Senior non preferred (2023)

Issue Rating:	Baa1 (Moody's), A- (Fitch)					
Coupon:	4.625%					
Maturity:	4.5 years					
Maturity date:	23 November 2027					
Total size	€ 500,000,000					
Spread:	Mid-swaps + 170bps					

Covered Bond (2024)

Issue Rating:	Aaa (Moody's), AAA (Fitch)					
Coupon:	3.000%					
Maturity:	7 years					
Maturity date:	26 March 2031					
Total size	€ 500,000,000					
Snread:	Mid-swans + 32hns					

Green Senior non preferred (2024)

Issue Rating:	Baa1 (Moody's), A- (Fitch)
Coupon:	3.625%
Maturity:	7 years
Maturity date:	21 October 2031
Total size	€ 500,000,000
Spread:	Mid-swaps + 125bps

Green Tier 2 (2024)

Issue Rating:	Baa2 (Moody's), BBB (Fitch)
Coupon:	4.125%
Maturity:	11NC6
Maturity date:	27 November 2035
Total size	€ 500,000,000
Spread:	Mid-swaps + 190bps

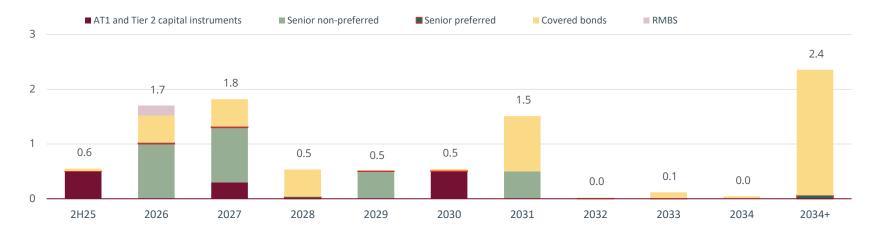
Green Senior non preferred (2025)

Issue Rating:	Baa1 (Moody's), A- (Fitch)
Coupon:	3.375%
Maturity:	7 years
Maturity date:	27 October 2032
Total size	€ 500,000,000
Spread:	Mid-swaps + 105bps



Maturity Profile

Maturity profile of instruments issued to the capital markets – per first call date (HY25) (in € billions)



- Tier 2 € 500m has been called and been redeemed as per 5 August 2025
- Inaugural European Green Bond (EuGB) 7-year Senior Non-Preferred notes issued for a size of € 500m as per 20 October 2025





Summary P&L

In € millions	2023	2024	2H20	1H21	2H21	1H22	2H22	1H23	2H23	1H24	2H24	1H25
Net interest income	1,303	1,127	414	392	383	372	479	662	641	564	563	509
Net fee and commission income	64	77	17	20	19	24	27	33	31	36	41	43
Other income	47	104	12	5	8	67	-4	40	7	61	43	60
Total income	1,414	1,308	443	417	410	463	502	735	679	661	647	612
Total operating expenses	808	1,140	360	322	345	323	332	389	419	371	769	425
Impairment charges	15	-51	-7	-31	-27	11	41	8	7	-30	-21	-7
Total expenses	823	1,089	353	291	318	334	373	397	426	341	748	418
Result before tax	591	219	90	126	92	129	129	338	253	320	-101	194
Taxation	160	75	22	32	24	34	33	90	70	89	-14	56
Net result	431	144	68	94	68	95	96	248	183	231	-87	138
Incidental items		-283	-34	6	11	4	13				-283	-11
Adjusted net result	431	427	102	88	57	91	83	248	183	231	196	149
Attributable to owners of the parent company	410	406	102	88	57	94	86	238	172	221	185	139
Attributable to holders of AT1 notes	21	21				1	10	10	11	10	11	10
Ratios												
Cost/income ratio	57.1%	87.2%	81.3%	77.2%	84.1%	69.8%	66.1%	52.9%	61.7%	56.1%	118.9%	69.5%
Adjusted cost/income ratio	57.1%	58.5%	71.1%	79.1%	87.6%	71.1%	69.5%	52.9%	61.7%	56.1%	61.0%	67.0%
Cost/asset ratio	1.06%	1.57%	1.01%	0.82%	0.86%	0.77%	0.82%	1.00%	1.11%	1.02%	2.11%	1.17%
Net interest margin	1.80%	1.57%	1.25%	1.14%	1.07%	1.01%	1.29%	1.82%	1.78%	1.58%	1.55%	1.13%
Cost of risk residential mortgages	0.02%	-0.09%	-0.02%	-0.09%	-0.11%	-0.01%	0.08%	0.04%	0.00%	-0.11%	-0.08%	-0.03%
Return on Equity	11.4%	3.2%	4.0%	5.5%	3.9%	5.5%	5.0%	13.6%	9.3%	11.5%	-5.0%	6.6%
Adjusted Return on Equity	11.4%	10.5%	5.9%	5.1%	3.3%	5.2%	4.3%	13.6%	9.3%	11.5%	9.5%	7.2%



Summary balance sheet

In € millions	31 Dec 2021	30 Jun 2022	31 Dec 2022	30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2023	30 Jun 2024	31 Dec 2024	30 Jun 2025
Total assets	72,081	74,857	73,168	73,028	71,060	72,520	73,691	75,685
Cash and balances at central banks	10,305	9,111	8,011	10,291	5,891	3,632	2,834	1,454
Loans and advances to banks	4,527	7,444	6,884	3,872	4,671	7,666	6,710	7,347
Loans and advances to customers	50,570	49,363	48,966	49,419	50,847	52,234	54,494	56,145
Derivatives	591	2,839	3,302	3,118	2,544	2,398	2,141	1,924
Investments	5,638	5,427	5,591	5,916	6,733	6,161	7,199	8,315
Tangible and intangible assets	93	87	85	85	77	68	55	56
Tax assets	39	82	80	63	14	53	11	73
Other assets	318	504	249	264	283	308	247	371
Total liabilities and equity	72,081	74,857	73,168	73,028	71,060	72,520	73,691	75,685
Amounts due to customers	58,128	58,722	57,150	56,590	54,910	55,906	56,153	57,378
Amounts due to banks	1,059	2,711	2,805	2,669	1,947	1,844	1,401	2,253
Debt certificates	7,402	7,588	7,544	8,019	7,935	8,885	9,322	9,389
Derivatives	1,013	1,037	924	951	1,121	793	1,105	850
Tax liabilities	9	7	19	41	82	14	20	13
Other liabilities	382	529	452	334	430	403	240	271
Other provisions	102	84	66	56	44	34	405	323
Participation certificates and subordinated debt	500	504	500	504	500	505	997	1,015
Shareholders' equity	3,486	3,675	3,708	3,864	4,091	4,136	4,048	4,193



Key balance sheet items

In € millions	31 Dec 24	30 Jun 25	Δ ΥοΥ
Total assets	73,691	75,685	+3%
Cash and balances at central banks	2,834	1,454	-49%
Loans and advances to customers	54,494	56,145	+3%
- of which residential mortgages	50,835	52,580	+3%
- of which consumer loans	60	61	+2%
- of which SME loans	1,378	1,485	+8%
- of which other, including (semi-) public sector loans	2,221	2,019	-9%
Loans and advances to banks	6,710	7,347	+9%
Investments	7,199	8,315	+16%
Amounts due to customers	56,153	57,378	+2%
- of which retail savings	45,639	46,981	+3%
- of which other amounts due to customers	10,514	10,397	-1%
Amounts due to banks	1,401	2,253	+61%
Debt certificates	9,322	9,389	+1%
Shareholders' equity	4,048	4,193	+4%

- In 1H25, the balance sheet total increased by €2.0bn to €75.7bn (+3%), largely as a result of €1.2bn growth in amounts due to customers. On the asset side, this was mainly reflected in an increase in loans to customers by €1.7bn as a result of loan growth
- Cash and balances at central banks decreased by €1.4bn as part of cash and capital
 management. The opposite effect was visible in higher investments and loans to banks
- Loans and advances to customers increased by €1.6bn, mainly reflecting a €1.7bn rise in residential mortgages, more than wholly driven by €1.9bn due to commercial growth. In addition, SME loans grew by €107m
- Investments increased by €1.1bn. Amortised cost investments increased by €0.8bn due to an increase in commercial paper, partly offset by redemptions of T-bills. Fair value through OCI investments increased by €0.3bn as a result of purchased government bonds
- Amounts due to banks increased by €0.9bn due to repurchase agreements and an increase in deposits with agreed maturity
- Total amounts due to customers rose by €1.2bn to €57.4bn. Amounts due to households increased by €1.5bn, driven by an increase in deposits due on demand in a higher savings market. The increase in amounts due to households was partly offset by a €0.3bn decrease in amounts due to other corporates and governments
- Shareholders' equity increased by €145m to €4.2bn, due to the addition of the 1H25 net profit (€138m) and an increase in the fair value reserve (€18m), partly offset by the semi-annual payment of AT1 coupon (€11m)



Breakdown of loans and advances to customers

		30 June 2024		3	31 December 202	24		30 June 2025	
in € millions	Gross amount	Loan loss provision	Coverage ratio	Gross amount	Loan loss provision	Coverage ratio	Gross amount	Loan loss provision	Coverage ratio
Stage 1	50,955	31	0.1%	48,276	31	0.1%	51,200	19	0.0%
- of which residential mortgages	47,789	26	0.1%	44,807	25	0.1%	47,828	14	0.0%
- of which consumer loans	38		0.0%	44		0.0%	47		0.0%
- of which SME loans	1,177	3	0.3%	1,257	3	0.2%	1,386	3	0.2%
- of which other corporate and government loans	1,951	2	0.1%	2,168	3	0.1%	1,939	2	0.1%
Stage 2	2,427	37	1.5%	6,890	32	0.5%	5,736	40	0.7%
- of which residential mortgages	2,266	28	1.2%	6,723	24	0.4%	5,581	33	0.6%
- of which consumer loans	12		0.0%	15		0.0%	14		0.0%
- of which SME loans	105	8	7.6%	104	8	7.7%	84	6	7.1%
- of which other corporate and government loans	44	1	2.3%	48		0.0%	57	1	1.8%
Stage 3	578	91	15.7%	558	79	14.2%	567	79	13.9%
- of which residential mortgages	496	42	8.5%	473	31	6.6%	468	30	6.4%
- of which consumer loans	8	8	100.0%	8	7	87.5%	7	7	100.0%
- of which SME loans	36	8	22.2%	32	4	12.5%	27	3	11.1%
- of which other corporate and government loans	38	33	86.8%	45	37	82.2%	65	39	60.0%
Total stage 1, 2, 3	53,960	159	0.3%	55,724	142	0.3%	57,503	138	0.2%
- of which residential mortgages	50,551	96	0.2%	52,003	80	0.2%	53,877	77	0.1%
- of which consumer loans	58	8	13.8%	67	7	10.4%	68	7	10.3%
- of which SME loans ¹	1,318	19	1.4%	1,393	15	1.1%	1,497	12	0.8%
- of which other corporate and government loans	2,033	36	1.8%	2,261	40	1.8%	2,061	42	2.0%
IFRS value adjustments ²	-1,567			-1,088			-1,220		
Total loans and advances to customers	52,393	159	0.3%	54,636	142	0.3%	56,283	138	0.2%
Off-balance sheet items ³	2,815	7	0.2%	3,044	8	0.3%	3,317	6	0.2%
Total on and off-balance sheet	55,208	166	0.3%	57,680	150	0.3%	59,600	144	0.2%



^[1] Gross SME loans include mortgage-backed loans for a gross amount of € 1,461 million

^[2] Consisting of fair value adjustments from hedge accounting and amortisations

^[3] Off-balance sheet items: liabilities from irrevocable facilities, guarantees and repurchase commitments

Quality of residential mortgages

in € millions	30 Jun 2021	31 Dec 2021	30 Jun 2022	31 Dec 2022	30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2023	30 Jun 2024	31 Dec 2024	30 Jun 2025
Gross loans	46,278	47,208	47,991	48,272	48,467	49,201	50,551	52,003	53,877
- of which stage 1	43,638	45,102	46,105	45,499	45,213	46,138	47,789	44,807	47,828
- of which stage 2	2,149	1,575	1,462	2,320	2,785	2,590	2,266	6,723	5,581
- of which stage 3	491	531	424	453	469	473	496	473	468
Loan loss provisions	97	73	73	98	114	118	96	80	77
- of which stage 1	30	32	43	38	33	37	26	25	14
- of which stage 2	30	24	16	31	39	39	28	24	33
- of which stage 3	37	17	14	29	42	42	42	31	30
Stage 2 as a % of gross loans	4.6%	3.3%	3.0%	4.8%	5.7%	5.3%	4.5%	12.9%	10.4%
Stage 2 coverage ratio ¹	1.4%	1.5%	1.1%	1.3%	1.4%	1.5%	1.2%	0.4%	0.6%
Stage 3 as a % of gross loans	1.1%	1.1%	0.9%	0.9%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	0.9%	0.9%
Stage 3 coverage ratio ¹	7.5%	3.2%	3.3%	6.4%	9.0%	8.9%	8.5%	6.6%	6.4%
Net loans excluding IFRS adjustments	46,181	47,135	47,918	48,174	48,353	49,083	50,455	51,923	53,800
IFRS adjustments	1,098	810	-1.353	-2,040	-1,884	-1,316	-1,567	-1,088	-1,220
Total net loans	47,279	47,945	46,565	46,134	46,469	47,767	48,888	50,835	52,850
Irrevocable loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts	2,293	2,329	2,059	1,940	1,826	1,852	1,797	1,971	2,282
Provision off-balance sheet items	1	7	8	8	6	6	4	5	4
Coverage ratio off-balance sheet items	0.0%	0.3%	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%	0.2%	0.3%	0.2%
Total gross on and off-balance sheet exposure	48,571	49,537	50,050	50,212	50,293	51,053	52,348	53,974	56,159
Impairment charges	-21	-58	-2	17	9	9	-28	-48	-8
Provision as a % of gross loans	0.21%	0.15%	0.15%	0.20%	0.24%	0.24%	0.19%	0.15%	0.14%
Cost of risk ²	-0.09%	-0.10%	-0.01%	0.04%	0.04%	0.02%	-0.11%	-0.09%	-0.03%



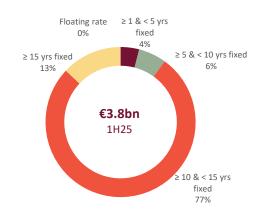
^[1] Stage 2/3 loan loss provision as a % of stage 2/3 gross exposure
[2] Impairment charges as a % of average gross exposure -/- IFRS adjustments

Residential mortgage production

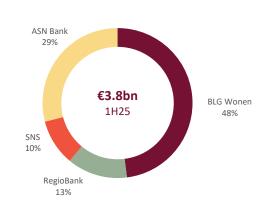
Residential mortgage production by redemption type¹



Residential mortgage production by interest type¹



Residential mortgage production by brand on own book¹



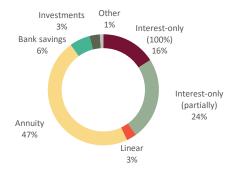
[1] Excluding bridge loans, and 'extra ruimte' mortgages

- The share of interest-only mortgages of the new residential mortgage production declined to 10% (1H24: 12%), mainly as a result of decreased mortgage refinancing volumes, which largely consisted of interest-only mortgages originated before 2013
- 86% of new residential mortgages production consisted of annuity mortgages. Only new annuity or linear mortgages benefit from tax deductibility
- 77% of new mortgage production in the first half of 2025 consisted of mortgages with a 10-year fixed mortgage rate, in line with the first half of 2024 (78%)

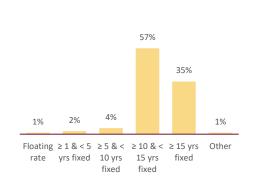


Residential mortgage portfolio

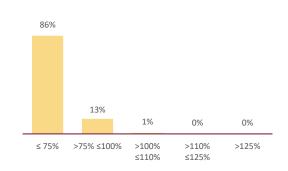
Residential mortgages by redemption type



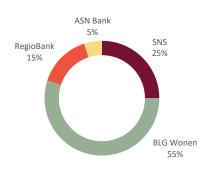
Residential mortgages by fixed-term maturity



Residential mortgages by LtV bucket



Residential mortgages by brand



Residential mortgages by year of origination and redemption type



Residential mortgages by year of origination and fixed-rate term

(in € billions)





Quality of SME loans

in € millions	30 Jun 2021	31 Dec 2021	30 Jun 2022	31 Dec 2022	30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2023	30 Jun 2024	31 Dec 2024	30 Jun 2025
Gross loans	768	841	975	1,085	1,163	1,235	1,318	1,393	1,497
- of which stage 1	600	663	838	933	1,017	1,069	1,257	1,257	1,386
- of which stage 2	104	112	90	106	105	127	105	104	84
- of which stage 3	64	66	47	46	41	39	36	32	27
Loan loss provisions	29	23	21	24	22	22	19	15	12
- of which stage 1	7	6	3	6	6	5	3	3	3
- of which stage 2	4	4	6	7	7	9	8	8	6
- of which stage 3	18	13	12	11	9	8	8	4	3
Stage 2 as a % of gross loans	13.5%	13.3%	9.2%	9.8%	9.0%	10.3%	8.0%	7.5%	5.6%
Stage 2 coverage ratio ¹	3.8%	3.6%	6.7%	6.6%	6.7%	7.1%	7.6%	7.7%	7.1%
Stage 3 as a % of gross loans	8.3%	7.8%	4.8%	4.2%	3.5%	3.2%	2.7%	2.3%	2.8%
Stage 3 coverage ratio ¹	28.1%	19.7%	25.5%	23.9%	22.0%	20.5%	22.2%	12.5%	1.8%
Total net loans	739	818	954	1,061	1,141	1,213	1,299	1,378	1,485
Irrevocable loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts	85	123	126	139	120	141	168	180	159
Provision off-balance sheet items	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
Coverage ratio off-balance sheet items	1.2%	0.8%	0.8%	0.7%	0.8%	0.7%	0.6%	0.6%	0.0%
Total gross on and off-balance sheet exposure	853	864	1,101	1,224	1,283	1,376	1,486	1,577	1,656
Impairment charges	-7	-12	-2	2	-2	-1	-2	-7	-3
Provision as a % of gross loans	3.8%	2.7%	2.2%	2.2%	1.9%	1.8%	1.4%	1.1%	0.8%
Cost of risk ²	-1.98%	-1.56%	-0.32%	0.21%	-0.41%	-0.09%	-0.33%	-0.50%	-0.40%



^[1] Stage 2/3 loan loss provision as a % of stage 2/3 gross exposure [2] Impairment charges as a % of average gross exposure -/- IFRS adjustments

Quality of consumer loans

in € millions	30 Jun 2021	31 Dec 2021	30 Jun 2022	31 Dec 2022	30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2023	30 Jun 2024	31 Dec 2024	30 Jun 2025
Gross loans	54	52	52	54	57	59	58	67	68
- of which stage 1	32	28	24	22	20	18	38	44	47
- of which stage 2	12	14	19	23	28	33	12	15	14
- of which stage 3	10	10	9	9	9	8	8	8	7
Loan loss provisions	10	10	10	9	8	8	8	7	7
- of which stage 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
- of which stage 2	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
- of which stage 3	9	10	9	8	8	7	8	7	7
Stage 2 as a % of gross loans	22.2.%	26.9%	36.5%	42.6%	49.1%	55.9%	20.7%	22.4%	20.6%
Stage 2 coverage ratio ¹	8.3%	0.0%	5.3%	4.3%	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Stage 3 as a % of gross loans	18.5%	19.2%	17.3%	16.7%	15.8%	13.6%	13.8%	11.9%	10.3%
Stage 3 coverage ratio ¹	90.0%	100.0%	100.0%	88.9%	88.9%	87.5%	100.0%	87.5%	100.0%
Total net loans	44	42	42	45	49	51	50	60	61
Irrevocable loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts	430	415	408	398	386	369	363	356	349
Provision off-balance sheet items	2	5	4	5	4	3	2	2	2
Coverage ratio off-balance sheet items	0.5%	1.2%	1.0%	1.3%	1.0%	0.8%	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%
Total gross on and off-balance sheet exposure	484	467	460	452	443	428	421	423	417
Impairment charges	-1	3	-2	-3	-1	-2			
Provision as a % of gross loans	18.5%	19.7%	19.2%	16.7%	14.0%	13.6%	13.8%	10.4%	10.3%
Cost of risk ²	-0.36%	0.65%	-0.85%	-0.65%	-0.45%	-0.45%	-0.28%	-0.06%	-0.27%



^[1] Stage 2/3 loan loss provision as a % of stage 2/3 gross exposure [2] Impairment charges as a % of average gross exposure -/- IFRS adjustments

Investment portfolio

Breakdown by sector

In € billions	2024	%	1H25	%
Sovereigns	4.3	59%	3.6	44%
Financials	1.8	26%	3.5	42%
Corporates	1.1	15%	1.2	14%
Other	0.0	0%	0.0	0%
Total	7.2	100%	8.3	100%

Breakdown by rating

In € billions	2024	%	1H25	%
AAA	3.6	50%	3.8	46%
AA	1.5	21%	1.6	19%
A	1.3	18%	2.4	29%
BBB	0.4	6%	0.5	6%
< BBB	0.0	0%	0.0	0%
No rating	0.3	5%	0.0	0%
Total	7.2	100%	8.3	100%

Breakdown by maturity

In € billions	2024	%	1H25	%
< 3 months	0.5	7%	0.8	10%
< 1 year	0.8	11%	1.4	17%
< 3 years	1.5	21%	1.6	19%
< 5 years	1.4	19%	1.6	19%
< 10 years	2.6	36%	2.4	29%
< 15 years	0.2	3%	0.3	3%
> 15 years	0.2	3%	0.2	3%
Total	7.2	100%	8.3	100%

Breakdown by country

In € millions	2024	%	1H25	%
Netherlands	1,359	19%	2,026	24%
Germany	1,610	23%	1,641	20%
Other ¹	1,465	20%	1,447	17%
Japan	323	5%	0	0%
France	949	13%	1,336	16%
Belgium	820	11%	1,079	13%
Austria	227	3%	333	4%
Spain	362	5%	369	4%
Ireland	45	1%	45	1%
Italy	23	0%	23	0%
Total	7,183	100%	8,299	100%



^[1] Other mainly consists of Finland, Denmark, Luxembourg, Norway and Canada



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